


WARM UP


Solve:

- 1) $\log_3 (2x-1) = 5$
- 2) $3e^x + 2 = 13$
- 3) $\log_4 7 = x$


Math Basketball
Review Ch. 8
Logs and Exponents
Algebra II



A parent invests money into a child's bank account which earns 12% each year. If the account now has \$350, how many years will it take to reach \$1800?



Solve for x. Round to two decimal places.

$$2e^{3x-2} = 84$$


Use the properties of logs to evaluate each:

$$\log_3 \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\log 10^4$$

$$\log_e e$$


$$\log_{36} 6$$

$$\ln 1$$


Solve the equation for x. Round to two decimal places.

$$8 + 3^x = 15$$


You put \$2000 into an account for 8 years with interest compounded continuously. Now you have \$3500. What was the interest rate of your investment?



Expand the logarithm.

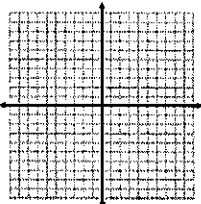
$$\log_4 \frac{5\sqrt{x}}{y^3}$$

Write as a single logarithm.

$$2\ln z - \frac{1}{2}(\ln x + 3\ln y)$$

Sketch the graph and asymptote.
State the equation of the asymptote,
the domain and range.

$$y = \log_3(x + 5)$$



State the domain and range of:

$$y = 2(3)^x - 4$$

Solve for x.

$$\ln(3x + 4) = 5$$

Rewrite as a log.

$$5^{-3} = \frac{1}{125}$$

State the percent of
increase or decrease.

$$y = 5.3(1.032)^x$$

$$y = 7.2(0.27)^x$$

EXTRA REVIEW HOMEWORK - Part 2
p. 850 #38-48 EVEN, 45, 49, 51, 54, 56,
58, 60, 64, 66, 67

HW due Tuesday

p. 479 #5-9 all,

14, 15, 18-21, 23,

25, 27, 33, 35,

36-39 all